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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/581,332	08/28/2000	Sylvain Chevreau	RCA90215 4067	
759	90 12/18/2003		EXAMI	INER
Joseph S Tripoli			KIM, CHONG R	
Thomson Multir	media Licensing Inc			
CN 5312			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
Princeton, NJ	Princeton, NJ 08543-0028 2623			
			DATE MAILED: 12/18/2003	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		ication No.	Applicant(s)					
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Office Action Summary		niner	Art Unit					
		les Kim	2623					
The MAILING DATE of this comm Period for Reply	unication appears o	n the cover sheet with the c	correspondence address					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMU - Extensions of time may be available under the provisi after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this co. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirt. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximur. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for re. - Any reply received by the Office later than three mont earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b)	INICATION, ons of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In mmunication. y (30) days, a reply within the statutory period will apply ply will, by statute, cause the after the mailing date of the statute.	no event, however, may a reply be ting ne statutory minimum of thirty (30) day and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
1) Responsive to communication(s)	filed on <u>22 Se<i>ptem</i></u>	<u>ber 2003</u> .						
2a)⊠ This action is FINAL.	∑ This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final.							
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.								
Disposition of Claims								
4) Claim(s) 9-16 is/are pending in th	☑ Claim(s) <u>9-16</u> is/are pending in the application.							
4a) Of the above claim(s) is	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.	Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>9-16</u> is/are rejected.	☑ Claim(s) <u>9-16</u> is/are rejected.							
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to	Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8) Claim(s) are subject to res								
Application Papers								
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.								
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>28 August</u>	10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>28 August 2000</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)⊡ objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any ol	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).							
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.								
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120								
12) △ Acknowledgment is made of a cla a) △ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None o 1. ☐ Certified copies of the prior 2. ☐ Certified copies of the prior 3. △ Copies of the certified copie application from the Interna * See the attached detailed Office act 13) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a clair	f: ty documents have ty documents have es of the priority doc tional Bureau (PCT tion for a list of the	been received. been received in Application cuments have been received Rule 17.2(a)). certified copies not received	on No ed in this National Stage					
since a specific reference was inclu 37 CFR 1.78. a) The translation of the foreign 14) Acknowledgment is made of a clair reference was included in the first s	ded in the first sent language provision n for domestic prior	ence of the specification or all application has been rec ity under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120	in an Application Data Sheet. eived. and/or 121 since a specific					
	sincines of the spec	modion of in an Applicatio	in Data Oncot, or Or IV 1.70.					
Attachment(s)								
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449)			(PTO-413) Paper No(s) atent Application (PTO-152)					

Art Unit: 2623

DETAILED ACTION

Response to Amendment and Arguments

1. Applicant's amendment filed on September 22, 2003 has been entered and made of record.

- 2. Applicant's substitute specification filed on September 22, 2003 has been entered and made of record. The Examiner notes that there appears to be no new matter in the substitute specification. The applicants admit (page 13) that they mistakenly transposed the terms "encrypt" and "decrypt" in the specification. The specification has been replaced by the substitute specification in order to correct what appears to be an obvious error.
- 3. In view of applicant's cancellation of the claims in the amendment, the objection to the claims 4, 5, and 8 are withdrawn.
- 4. In view of applicant's amendment, the 112 first paragraph rejections are withdrawn.

Claim Objections

5. Claims 9-16 are objected to because of the following informalities: typographical errors.

There appears to be a typographical error in the phrase "detectable element" in line 5 of claim 9.

It appears that the applicant intended the phrase to read "detachable element". Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

Page 2

Art Unit: 2623

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

6. Claims 12 and 13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Referring to claim 12, the phrase "the chip card" in line 3 lacks antecedent basis. For examination purposes, the phrase "the circuit associated with the secret key K1 of the chip card carrying out processing" in lines 3-4 will be interpreted as "the circuit associated with the secret key K1 carrying out processing". Appropriate correction is required.

Referring to claim 13, the phrase "the chip card" lacks antecedent basis. It appears that the applicant intended the phrase to read "a chip card". Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 7. Claims 9-16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over the combination of Friedman U.S. Patent No. 5,499,294 ("Friedman") and Vu et al., U.S. Patent No. 6,557,104 ("Vu").

Art Unit: 2623

Referring to claim 9, Friedman discloses a device for authenticating the taking of pictures made up of digital data comprising a picture taking apparatus (11) and a security element (12) carrying out the signing of at least part of the digital data, wherein the security element is an element comprising a circuit associated with a secret (unique private) key K1 giving output digital data which are a signature of digital data at the input (col. 5, lines 49-65).

Friedman fails to explicitly disclose that the security element is a detachable element, and the detachable element and the associated secret key K1 are specific to a user. However, this feature was exceedingly well known in the art. For example, Vu discloses a detachable security element (smart card) comprising a circuit associated with a secret key for signing digital data; the detachable element and the associated secret key being specific to a user (col. 1, lines 34-39 and lines 58-67).

Friedman and Vu are both concerned with authentication systems that utilize secret keys for encrypting digital data. Friedman is concerned with protecting the secret key from being exposed to unauthorized users (Friedman, col. 3, lines 9-15). Vu's detachable security element (smart card) provides a secured environment for storage and processing of the secret key because all operations based on the secret key are performed within its boundary, and therefore prevents the secret key from being exposed to the outside world (Vu, col. 2, lines 11-15). Therefore, it would have been obvious to modify the security element of Friedman, so that it is a detachable security element as taught by Vu, in order to enhance the security of the authentication system.

Friedman and Vu both fail to explicitly disclose that the detachable element connects up to the picture taking apparatus by an interface circuit provided in the picture taking apparatus. However, Vu states that "any application which requires some secret information in order to

Art Unit: 2623

process data can be adapted to take advantage of a smart card's secure processing environment" (Vu, col. 2, lines 19-22). In this case, Friedman's application requires some secret information (secret key) to process (sign) data. Therefore, it would have been obvious to modify the picture taking apparatus of Friedman to include an interface circuit, so that it is adapted to take advantage of the secure processing environment provided by Vu's smart card.

Referring to claim 10, Friedman further discloses that the security element incorporates a hashing circuit (12A) [col. 5, lines 56-65 and figure 3B]. As noted above, Vu discloses a detachable security element. Therefore, the combination of Friedman and Vu disclose a detachable element that incorporates a hashing circuit.

Referring to claim 11, Vu further discloses that the detachable element is a chip card (col. 1, line 64-col. 2, line 10).

Referring to claim 12 as best understood, Friedman further discloses that the picture taking apparatus comprises a multiplexing circuit (12C) and a circuit (12A) for hashing at least one first fraction of the digital data in such a way as to generate a first hashed datum, the circuit associated with the secret key K1 carrying out the processing of the first hashed datum in such a way as to generate a signature of the first hashed datum (col. 4, lines 33-37 and col. 5, lines 56-63. Note that the block of the image file is interpreted as a first fraction of the digital data), the signature and the digital data being transmitted to the multiplexing circuit so as to constitute a multiplexed signal (col. 8, lines 53-67).

Referring to claim 13 as best understood, see the rejection of at least claims 11 and 12 above. Friedman further discloses that the picture taking apparatus comprises a multiplexing circuit (12C), a security element (12) comprising a hashing circuit (12A) carrying out the

Art Unit: 2623

hashing of at least a first fraction of the digital data originating from the picture taking apparatus in such a way as to generate a first hashed datum, and the first hashed datum is processed in the circuit associated with the secret key K1 in such a way as to generate a signature of the first hashed datum (col. 4, lines 33-37 and col. 5, lines 56-63. Note that the block of the image file is interpreted as a first fraction of the digital data), the signature emanating from the security element and the digital data being transmitted to the multiplexing circuit in such a way as to constitute a multiplexed signal (col. 8, lines 53-67).

Friedman fails to explicitly disclose that the security element is a chip card. However, Vu discloses a detachable security element that is a chip card, as noted above (claim 11). Therefore, it would have been obvious to combine the teachings of Friedman and Vu for the reasons stated above.

Referring to claim 14, Friedman further discloses that the picture taking apparatus (11) is a camera head (col. 5, lines 52-54 and figure 3A).

Referring to claim 15, Friedman further discloses that the picture taking apparatus (11) is a photographic apparatus (col. 5, lines 52-54 and figure 3A).

Referring to claim 16, see the rejection of at least claim 1 above. Friedman further discloses a device (20) for authenticating digital data coming from the device for authenticating the taking of pictures, said device for authenticating the digital data comprising a circuit (22) with public key K2 for calculating a new datum on the basis of the signature, a circuit (21) for hashing at least one second fraction of the digital data in such a way as to generate a second hashed datum, a comparison circuit (23) for comparing the new datum with the second hashed

Art Unit: 2623

datum in such a way as to constitute a signal making it possible to verify the authenticity of the digital data (col. 6, lines 31-52 and figure 3C).

Friedman fails to explicitly disclose a demultiplexer for separating the digital data and the signature. However, Friedman discloses a multiplexing circuit for multiplexing the digital data and the signature at the device for authenticating the taking of pictures (col. 8, lines 53-67). Note that the digital data entering the device (20) will be a multiplexed signal. Friedman also explains that the digital data and the signature are separated prior to being processed by the device (20) [figure 3C. Note that the digital data and the signature are processed separately]. Therefore, the Examiner notes that a demultiplexer is an inherent feature in the device (20) of Friedman, since a multiplexed signal can only be separated it has been demultiplexed by a demultiplexer.

Conclusion

8. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event,

Art Unit: 2623

however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this

Page 8

final action.

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's

disclosure.

Dunn et al. U.S. Patent No. 5,987,155 discloses an interface (23) for connecting a a.

detachable element (smart card) to a picture taking apparatus (21).

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Charles Kim whose telephone number is 703-306-4038. The

examiner can normally be reached on Mon thru Thurs 8:30am to 6pm and alternating Fri 9:30am

to 6pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Amelia Au can be reached on 703-308-6604. The fax phone number for the

organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding

should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-306-0377.

December 11, 2003